## Glassy dynamics in the hard matrix model

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Introduction

For an orthogonal matrix  $U \in SO(N)$ , Hamiltonian is proportional to its 1-norm:

$$H(U) = -\sqrt{N}\sum_{ij}|U_{ij}|$$

- No quenched disorder
- Naturally defined classical and quantum dynamics
- Easily treated with Monte Carlo
- Analytically tractable high- and low-temperature expansions

Has a low-temperature broken-symmetry phase obscured by ergodicity breaking.

### The Hard Matrix Model Ground states



For N = 4m, ground states are proportional to *Hadamard matrices* that have all elements  $\pm 1$ 

Combinatorially nontrivial: count only known up to N = 32, empirically grows as  $\sim N^{1.6}$ 

Combinatorially hard to to produce: no example exists for N = 668

Equilibrium thermodynamics

Equilibrium model has abrupt phase transition at  $\beta \simeq 7.9$ 

Landscape resembles harmonic well around minima

Low-temperature limit of entropy directly related to number of ground states

Monte Carlo accurately counts the  $\sim 2 \times 10^{45}$  Hadamards for  ${\it N}=20$ 



#### Metastable phenomena



For  $N \gtrsim 28$ , the ground state is not found in reasonable computer time and an abrupt transition does not occur

Relaxation-time dependent peak appears in the specific heat well above equilibrium transition temperature

Metastable phenomena

Super-exponential growth of mixing time with inverse temperature:

$$\tau(\beta) \propto \exp[\exp(\beta e_0 - b)]$$

Numerous critical points characterized by

$$U^T \operatorname{sign}(U) = \operatorname{sign}(U)^T U$$



Transition state density

New conceptual tool: the transition state density  $\rho_0$ 

Places where  $U_{ij} = 0$  are sharp local maxima, passage through them connects states

The distribution  $\rho(U)$  of matrix elements sees sharp feature around  $\rho(0) \propto \rho_0$ 



Transition state density

Transition state density jumps abruptly through transition to 'crystal'

For 'glass,'  $\rho_0$  continues Arrhenius behavior of 'liquid'

Presence at arbitrarily low temperatures indicates the absence of a gap



Conclusion

Simply posed, disorder-free, theoretically tractable model with arrested dynamics.

Many open questions:

- How many critical points are there, at what energies?
- Is a dynamical transition present?
- Does it 'age' after a quench, or show other 'glassy' physics?

Initial investigation: arXiv:1912.07558 [cond-mat.stat-mech]

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